

- In pairs or groups, imagine you're planning to climb a mountain. Make two lists.
 - Problems you could have on the way up and down.
 - Things you should take with you.

EXAM SKILL

Understanding implication

- O Some exam tasks require you to 'read between the lines.'
- Not everything in a reading text is stated directly. Some information is implied by the writer.
- For example, in a tourist brochure, it might say, We strongly suggest you take wet-weather clothes with you.
 So we can infer that it probably rains often there.

- Find these sentences in the article and read the sentences around them. For each one, decide what is implied. Choose the correct word.
 - 1 *It's not for everyone your feet and legs will ache* This trip is quite **strenuous** / **boring**.
 - 2 It's been described as the busiest mountain in Britain, and for good reason.
 - It's busy because lots of people **visit it / work there**.
 - 3 As my mum and I are huge fans of The Hobbit, we went on a dream holiday to New Zealand last year.
 - They went to New Zealand to **relax** / **to visit the movie locations**.
 - **4** The chair-lift ride to Knoll Ridge Chalet, New Zealand's highest café at 2,020 metres, is out of this world.
 - The writer was **impressed** / **not impressed**.

OPTIMISE YOUR



Multiple matching

- This task may include inference questions. These often include words like *suggests* and *implies*.
- For example, in Exercise 3, question 4, none of the four teenagers says explicitly that their climb was 'for educational purposes', but one of them suggests (implies) it.

Reaching the

We asked you to send us your holiday experiences (good or bad) on the subject of 'height'. Here are some of the best posts we received.

A Rocio Montoya

AGFD 14

Machu Picchu

Machu Picchu, which in Quechua means 'old peak', is a city in the clouds close to the modern-day city of Cuzco. It is an ancient Inca city that stands 2,430 metres above sea level, and its ruins are visited by tourists from all over the world.

I visited it as part of a school project and we did `The Inca Trail', a five-day trek along an ancient Inca path that passes through many famous Inca ruins and involves camping outdoors. It's not for everyone — your feet and legs will ache, but I found it very rewarding, in particular when we finally arrived at the Sun Gate of Machu Picchu.

If you are interested in doing the trail, book in advance as there are limited places, avoid the rainy season (October—April) and consider taking tablets to deal with the altitude.

B Gareth Williams

AGED 15

Mount Snowdon

I've climbed Mount Snowdon in Wales several times now, usually with friends. It's been described as the busiest mountain in Britain, and for good reason. Every time I have been, there have been plenty of walkers no matter what time of year it is. There are six main routes – some more difficult than others – and the climb can take five to six hours from start to finish. Apparently, Sir Edmund Hillary trained here for his amazing 1953 Everest climb. Presumably he chose some of the trickier routes, something we always do when we go up. You feel a real sense of achievement when you reach the top after a difficult ascent. And the hot soup they sell in the café there is a great reward! But if you're feeling a bit lazy, take the railway, which was built in the late 1890s, to the top. Personally, I've never been up on the

Steffi Kunstmann

AGED 14

Dinner in the sky

My dad won tickets to the Dinner in the Sky restaurant in Vienna so he took the whole family, including my grandparents. Dinner in the Sky is an amazing concept. It's a gourmet restaurant that is lifted 50 metres into the air by a crane, giving amazing views of the city.

However, I can't say that I would like to repeat the experience. Every time I looked down, I felt dizzy, and as a result, I lost

my appetite. I tried to be happy for my family's sake, but I only relaxed once we were back on the ground. Not surprising really – I feel the same way on the balcony of our flat on the fifth floor.

Sam Freeman

AGED 13

Mount Ruapehu

As my mum and I are huge fans of The Hobbit, we went on a dream holiday to New Zealand last year. We visited many of the locations from the movies and the one that sticks in my mind is Mount Ruapehu, the setting for the Lonely Mountain, home of Smaug the dragon.

Part of me was disappointed when we got there. I had expected to see the huge film sets but of course, they were dismantled once filming had finished. However, the scenery there is breathtaking and we got to do a whole load of great activities, including skiing and snowboarding. The chair-lift ride to Knoll Ridge Chalet, New Zealand's highest café at 2,020 metres, is out of this world. I would definitely recommend a visit to Mount Ruapehu. Just don't go expecting to see film sets and pack your winter clothing!

2.18 For each question, choose from the people A-D. The people may be chosen more than once.

train.

Which person

- 1 mentions a famous mountaineering expedition?
- 2

1

- 2 made an effort to enjoy the trip?
- 2
- **3** suggests the place they visited was cold?
- 3
- **4** suggests that they visited the place for educational purposes?
- 4
- **5** suffered from being so high up?
- 5
- 6 had a different experience from what they imagined?
- 6
- 7 gives advice on how to organise a trip?
- 8
- 8 stresses how many routes there are?

|]] | THINK | RESEARC |
|--------|-------|---------|
| | | |

|--|

Find two more facts online about each of the four places in the article and turn them into eight questions. In pairs or groups, give each other a quiz.

5 Find each word in the text and write a

a dictionary if necessary.

short definition or close synonym. Use

1 sea level (para A) _____

2 altitude (para A) ______

3 ascent (para B)

4 crane (para C) ______

5 sake (para C) _____

6 sets (para D) _____

7 scenery (para D) _____

8 breathtaking (para D)

4 In pairs, compare your answers to Exercise 3. If you agree, find the part of the text which gives you the answer. If you disagree, justify your choices.

GRAMMAR 1 The passive

Grammar in context

Write one word in each gap to complete these phrases and sentences. Then find them in the article on page 81 and check your answers.

- 1 It's an ancient Inca city that stands 2,430 metres above sea level, and its ruins visited by tourists from all over the world.
- _ described as the busiest mountain in Britain, and for good reason.
- **3** It's a gourmet restaurant that ___ 50 metres into the air by a crane, giving amazing views of the city.
- 4 I had expected to see the huge film sets but of course, they _____ ___ dismantled once filming had finished.

REMEMBER

- We form the passive with be + past participle (+ by/with/of).
- If you're not sure what tense be should be in, or which past participle to use, try to imagine the active form of the sentence.

Active: Susie has brought the ropes. verb = bring, tense = present perfect so we need to use the present perfect of the verb be (i.e. have been) in the passive sentence **Passive:** The ropes have been brought by Susie.

We normally use by if we want to say who or what does the action of the main verb, but sometimes we use other prepositions, such as with, for, of and as, depending on the meaning. Everest is now climbed by hundreds of people every year.

My new ropes are **made of** a special material.

➤ See Grammar reference, Unit 8, page 155

- Complete each second sentence, using the passive, so that it means the same as the first sentence.
 - 1 Every year, they rescue dozens of people from the steep slopes.

Every year, _

2 They usually take the people they rescue to hospital by helicopter.

The people they rescue _

- **3** Ponies carried everything up the mountain. Everything
- **4** When did they make the path to the summit?
- **5** You should only climb the mountain in the spring and summer.

| The | mount | tain |
|-----|-------|------|
|-----|-------|------|

| 2 | Write | one | word | in | each | gap |
|---|-------|-----|------|----|------|-----|
| | | | | | | |

- 1 The emergency shelter has been stayed in _____ a number of climbers.
- **2** These ropes are very strong and are made _ nylon.
- 3 In the end, the rope was cut a pair
- 4 K2 is also known _____ the Savage Mountain.
- **5** The peak is covered _____ snow for most of the year.
- 6 The rare mountain flower was identified _____ a botanist.
- Put the verbs into the passive to complete the text. Sometimes there is more than one answer.

Everyone knows that Everest is the highest mountain on Earth, but what's the second highest? It (1) _____ (call) K2, and (2) _ (locate) on the border between China and Pakistan. The summit (3) (never / reach) during winter, and even during the summer the ascent is treacherous. For this reason, K2 (4) _ (often / refer) to as the 'Savage Mountain', and _____ (**consider**) by experts to be a lot more challenging than Everest. Because the Chinese side is particularly dangerous, climbs (6) (usually / attempt) on the Pakistani side of the mountain. (first / conquer) in 1954, when on July 31st a group of Italian and Pakistani climbers reached the top. Since then, the peak (8) ___ (reach) by only about 300 people. Sadly, more than 80 people (9) _____ (kill) in their attempts to reach the top.



THINK | RESEARCH | CULTURE | LEARN

What are the differences between 'active' and

'passive' sentences in your language? Are they similar to or different from the active and passive forms in English?

Do you find forming and understanding the passive in English easy, or is it confusing?

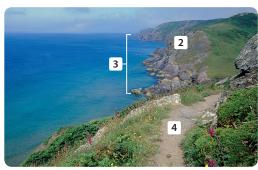
VOCABULARY | Topic vocabulary | Word formation | Word patterns

Words connected with geographical features

1 (1) 2.19 Work in pairs. Match the words in the box to the numbers. Listen and check.

a cliff | a mountain range | a path a slope | a stream | a summit | a valley a volcano | a waterfall | coast







- 2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 When you're in the mountains you might need to wash in a **stream** / **range**.
 - 2 If we follow this **path** / **cliff** through the forest we will get back to the camp.
 - 3 The **summit / coast** of Mount Everest is 8,848 metres high.
 - **4** There are some excellent ski **streams** / **slopes** in the Alps.
 - 5 The **coast** / **cliff** was very steep and we needed ropes to climb it.
 - **6** My family usually goes on holiday to the **coast** / **stream** because we love swimming in the sea.

Nouns formed from verbs

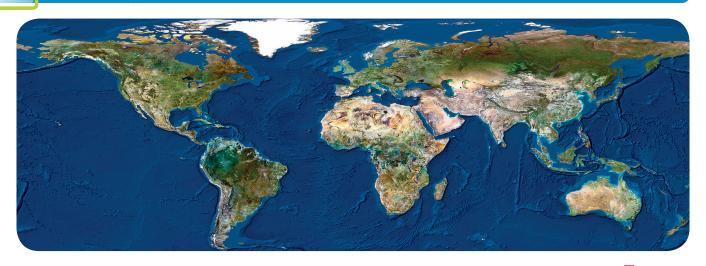
| 3 | (1))2.20 Change each verb in bold in | to a noun |
|----|---|-----------|
| | to complete the sentences. Listen ar | |
| 1 | Our at the summit was greeted with cheers. | arrive |
| 2 | Their from base camp was delayed due to bad weather. | depart |
| 3 | We've got no We'll have to turn back. | choose |
| 4 | I want everyone on their best | behave |
| 5 | I loved her of the view from the top. | describe |
| 6 | We'd better find a soon or we'll be stuck here all night! | solve |
| 7 | There's a huge of plants and flowers on the lower slopes. | vary |
| 8 | We need to make a about our geography project. | decide |
| 9 | I've come to the that rock climbing isn't for me. | conclude |
| 10 | You'll notice a wide in temperature from day to night. | vary |

Words + prepositions

4 (1))2.21 Complete the text with prepositions. Use the words in italics to help you. Listen and check.

| QI | | Archive | ‡ ☆ ▼ | |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| | 19/11/16 16.34 | | | |
| (1) She sa going a But wh (3) What I make u I knew | can't blame my n going i id: 'Carol, what's all the way up, jus nen Angie picked it and t was lacking (4) up for with enthus the instructors s with novices. | rock climbir the purpos at to come of me up, I ac thought we siasm. I wa | ng and al le (2) down ag tually fel l'd have a _ experi sn't wor | bseiling. ain?' It optimistic a great day. ence I'd ried at all – |
| was no | up was no proble othing <i>wrong</i> (6) _ ed my harness, I s | | _ the w | ay I'd |
| you've the roc can ge minute | ve never been ab got to be careful k face as you go t stuck. After I'd b s – with no <i>shelt</i> knew I was in se | not to <i>cras</i> down, and een hangir er (8) | sh (7) secondlying there | y that you for several |

LISTENING | Sentence completion



Imagine you have been asked to do a geography project on mountains. What different aspects might you focus on?

| highest r | nountains in | the world | |
|------------|--|-----------|--|
| definition | n of a moun | ntain | |
| climate | THE TAX PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O | | |
| Cilinatio | | | |

EXAM SKILL

Listening for opinion

- O Listening tasks often test your ability to distinguish fact from opinion.
- O Listen out for common phrases to express opinions, as they will help you decide. Some of these appear in Exercise 2.
- 2 (1) 2.22 Listen to someone agreeing with the statement below in eight different ways. Complete the opinion phrases.

| | steepness into ac | |
|---|-------------------|----------|
| 1 | 1 | to think |
| 2 | that makes | to me |
| | that | |
| | I don't | |
| | To my | |
| | If you | |
| | , I aç | |
| | My i | |

OPTIMISE YOUR

Sentence completion

- If you have written more than three words, listen carefully the second time and decide which words you need to cut.
- Check your answers and try to spell everything correctly.
- Listen to Sandra Atkins talking about mountains. Complete the sentences with a word or short phrase.

| Sandra says she'll describe typical mountain environments, plants and wildlife, and (1) |
|--|
| Sandra says that (2) and countries may disagree about what a mountain is. |
| Sandra disagrees with the need to (3) mountains in great detail. |
| Approximately 35% of (4) is mountainous. |
| Sandra's opinion of 'plate tectonics' is that it is (5) |
| 'Fold mountains' are frequently part of a (6) |
| Sandra describes a 'fault' as being like a channel or (7) |
| Sandra mentions a mountain higher than Everest that's over (8) in height. |

4 📢 🖟 2.23 Listen again and check your answers.

| LEARN | 1 | ME |
|-------|---|----|

What do you think are the best strategies for making an interesting presentation?

THINK | RESEARCH | CULTURE

Grammar in context

Read this extract from the audio in the listening lesson. Write the correct word in bold next to each statement.

So, my **geography** project is on **mountains**, and to be honest, when I was first given this **topic**, I wasn't particularly interested by it because I thought mountains were a bit boring, but now I've done some research, there's a lot more to mountains than you might imagine.

- 1 This is a singular countable noun. _
- **2** This is a plural countable noun. ___
- **3** These are uncountable nouns. __



REMEMBER

- Uncountable nouns are often: abstract ideas, e.g. truth, information, news; materials, e.g. iron, glass, water; collections, e.g. furniture, luggage.
- Most uncountable nouns are treated as singular, even if they're describing more than one object: All the furniture in the room was broken.
- There are a few uncountable nouns which are treated as plural, even if they're describing only one thing. These include clothes, jeans, trousers, scissors, groceries, sunglasses.
- How you use articles (a(n), the, no article) and quantifiers (few/little, much/many, etc.) often depends on whether a noun is countable or uncountable.
- ➤ See Grammar reference, Unit 8, page 156
- Write the verb in the correct form to complete the sentences.
 - 1 All the information they gave us about abseiling __ really useful. (**be** – present)
 - 2 The news about the volcano _____ very worrying. (be - past)
 - 3 The waterproof trousers you lent me_ incredibly warm. (**be** – past)
 - **4** Chocolate a good source of energy when you're walking or climbing. (be – present)
 - **5** Your knowledge of the highest mountains in the world _____ me! (amaze – present)
 - **6** Those lambs __ __ really tiny down there in the field. (look - present)

2 Choose the correct word or phrase.



Write a, an or the in each gap to complete the text. If no article is needed, put a dash (-).

| Q Archive | |
|---|---|
| Posted 15/12/16 10.15 Then I heard Angie give me a piece of (1) advice. 'You're wearing (2) pai boots, Carol. Use them to kick against (3) rock. As you do that, just move your arm that (4) rope behind your (5) back.' I'd heard (6) instructor b something similar a number of (7) before, but Angie's tone of (8) revealed (9) anger she was fee so I thought I had (10) little che She had (11) car keys, after all than (12) minute later, I was b on (13) ground. | r of thick It's holding elow say times voice eling, oice. Less |
| Despite my nerves, we had (14)time and we're going there again (15)next week! | |

THINK | RESEARCH | CULTURE | LEARN

Imagine Carol in Exercise 3 was your friend, and you could leave a comment under her blog post. What would you write?

SPEAKING Discussion



Flipped classroom

- 1 Watch the *Talk2Me* video and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which activities do the people on the video discuss?
 - 2 Which activities do they think are the most expensive/dangerous/exciting to watch?
 - 3 Do you agree/disagree with what they say?
- Watch the video again. Underline the expressions in the *Phrase expert* box that you hear on the video.

PHRASE EXPERT

as far as I'm concerned | I agree / don't agree with you/that | I'd say | if you ask me | I'm of the opinion/view that | in my opinion/view | I tend to think | Personally, | that makes sense to me | to my mind

In pairs or groups, answer the question.

What adventure activities do you know? Check the meaning of these and add your own ideas.

skiing rock climbing abseiling scrambling



EXAM SKILL

Expressing and justifying opinions

- O In the Listening section, you saw some words and phrases for expressing opinion.
- When expressing an opinion, always try to justify it. See the *Phrase Expert* box in Unit 6 (page 64) for phrases giving reasons.
- 4 Complete these sentences with phrases for expressing opinions.

| 1 | my opinion, skiing is more |
|---|-------------------------------|
| | expensive than rock climbing. |

- 2 I ______ to think that abseiling is more dangerous than scrambling.
- **3 A:** If you _____ me, skiing is much more exciting to watch than rock climbing.
 - **B:** I ______ agree with that.
- **4** As far as I'm _____ skiing and rock climbing are equally tiring.
- **5** I'd ______ skiing is the most exciting to do.

5 Choose from the activities in Exercise 1. For each one, answer the question and give a reason.

Which is the most ...

1 expensive?

Example: Skiing because you need all the equipment and ski resorts are often very expensive.

- 2 enjoyable?
- 3 dangerous?
- 4 difficult?
- **5** exciting to watch?
- 6 exciting to do?
- 7 tiring?

OPTIMISE YOUR EX

EXAM

Discussion

- When using opinion phrases, the stress is usually on the 'l/my' word, so: in my opinion, to my mind, as far as l'm concerned, etc.
- You can practise this further in this unit's *Say it right* activities (Resource centre).
- 6 In small groups or as a class, follow the instructions.
 - 1 Each of you should:
 - choose two activities from Exercise 3.
 - use your ideas from Exercise 4.
 - choose an opinion phrase from the *Phrase expert* box..
 - 2 When it's your turn, compare the two activities you've chosen, giving a reason for your opinion.

Example: If you ask me, skiing is more dangerous than rock climbing because you're going so fast. If you fall over, you can easily break a leg.

- 3 When it's not your turn, agree or disagree with what the other people in the group say, giving reasons.
- 4 Repeat the task with different activities, phrases and reasons.

SAY IT RIGHT

Resource centre: Unit 8 Stress in opinion phrases

USE OF ENGLISH | Word formation

1 In pairs, imagine this photo is important to you for some reason. Describe it to your partner, saying why it's important and how you feel about it.



EXAM SKILL

Nouns (2)

- O Forming nouns correctly is an essential skill in word formation tasks in many exams.
- O Unit 3 and the Vocabulary section in this unit, have both featured noun formation. Exercises 2 and 3 below look at other ways to form nouns.
- O If you're not sure what the noun form is, think about common noun suffixes (endings), such as -ity, -ness, -ment, etc., and ask yourself which one sounds right.
- Write nouns from each of these words. All the nouns will end in the same two letters.

| 1 | deep | 6 true | |
|---|--------|-------------------|--|
| 2 | die | 7 warm | |
| 3 | grow | 8 wide | |
| | long | 9 young | |
| | strong | , S | |

Write the positive and negative nouns in the correct column.

| | positive noun | negative noun |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| mature | | |
| perfect | | |
| possible | | |
| responsible | | |

OPTIMISE YOUR EX

Word formation

- Always check your spelling carefully. If you make one small spelling mistake, your answer will be marked wrong.
- Be particularly careful when forming nouns from words that end in -e. Sometimes the -e remains (improve – improvement) and sometimes the -e is removed (wide – width).
- Write the correct noun form of the word in bold in each gap to complete the text.

| A hero on Everest |
|--|
| In 2015, a powerful earthquake in Nepal |
| caused an avalanche on Mount Everest, but |
| n the middle of all of the (1) DIE |
| and destruction, some people became |
| neroes. One was Dr Rachel Tullet. She |
| nad to make a (2) CHOOSE |
| petween treating her badly injured leg |
| or helping other people. She decided |
| to take (3) for RESPONSIBLE |
| dealing with the wounded in the |
| medical tent at base camp. Her selfless |
| (4) saved 23 lives, BEHAVE |
| keeping the patients alive for almost |
| 24 hours until the (5) ARRIVE |
| of a helicopter to take them to safety |
| and medical (6) in TREAT |
| Kathmandu. After the (7) DEPART |
| of the helicopter, Dr Tullet attended to |
| ner own wounds, stitching up the serious |
| cut in her leg without anaesthetic. From |
| the (8) of Dr Tullet's DESCRIBE |
| amazing work by the people who |
| witnessed it, it's clear that she really |
| s a true-life hero. |
| |



WRITING | A letter / An email

In pairs, explain what the activities are, using the questions below.

astronomy | snowboarding whitewater rafting

- **1** Where is it done?
- 2 Who does it?
- 3 How is it done?
- 4 What do you need to do it?
- **5** Why do people do it?

EXAM SKILL

Explaining

- In writing tasks, you sometimes have to explain things to help your reader understand better.
- 'Wh-' questions can help you focus on giving an explanation (e.g. what something is, where/when/why/how something happened, etc.).
- When you explain, you may need to state the facts, give an opinion or include reasons.

2 Read this email and answer the questions.

Bex does a lot of explaining in her email. What words does she use to say ...

- 1 how she felt getting Alisha's email?
- 2 how she felt hearing about Alisha's new school?
- 3 how she feels about Alisha's project?
- **4** where she lives?
- **5** where Snowdon is?
- **6** when she went there?
- 7 why she likes it?
- 8 what people can do there?
- **9** which activities she did there?
- 10 her hope for what she's told Alisha?



| - | · → | | | | | | X |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| To: | | Alisha | | | | | |
| Sub | ject: | Your proje | ect | | | | |
| Hi A | Alisha | , | | | | | |
| | | • | mail. It wa ttling in w | | • | | • |
| As mo l'd | you kr untair choos | now, I livens. You as | n mounta e in the cit sked me to on, which vent there | ty but I o pick a is a 2- | 've been t an interes hour drive | o a few ting one. e from | |
| rail hou stu tele in g | way u urs wa nning escope great o | p to the alking an - you ca es up the | e it's really top so you d climbing n see for ere, so you e people a | don't to get miles. can se | have to spart there. The They have things to the things to | oend e view is lots of far away | |
| hor eve | se-rid n whi | ling, rock tewater i | f things yo c climbing rafting. We maybe ne | , moun e didn' | tain-bikin t do anyth | g, and | |
| | pe th | | ul for you. | Let m | e know ho | w your | |
| Вуе | e for n | ow, | | | | | |
| Bex | (| | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

OPTIMISE YOUR

EXAN

A letter / An email

- Make sure you read the question information carefully. Don't start planning and writing until you're sure you understand it.
- If you forget to include key information, or include information that isn't asked for, you will lose marks.

| • | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|------|
| 3 | Look at this | writing t | ask and | answer t | he questi | ons. |

You have received this email from your English-speaking friend, Alex.

From: Alex Subject: class project

Can you help me with a class project? I have to write about activities which people do on mountains. Can you tell me about a mountain activity that you like? Explain what it is, what skills and equipment you need to do it, and why you find it interesting.

Write your email.

| 1 | Will your email be formal |
|---|---------------------------|
| | or informal? |

| 2 | How many activities do |
|---|------------------------|
| | you need to choose? |

| 3 | Can you choose an |
|---|----------------------------|
| | activity that you've never |
| | personally done? |

4 Make notes to complete the chart.

| Activity: | What does it involve? | What skills/equipment do you need? | Why do you find it interesting? | Other information you'd like to include: |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

- 5 In pairs, tell each other what you're going to write about. Listen to your partner's advice
- 6 Plan Make a paragraph plan.

| Part | Purpose | Useful phrases | My notes |
|---------------------|--|--|----------|
| First line | greet the person you are writing to | Dear , Hi ! | |
| Paragraph 1 | thank the other person for their email and refer to a piece of news | Thanks for your email. It was great to hear from you. I'm glad you had a good party, etc. | |
| Paragraph 2 | say what activity you like and explain what it is and what skills/ equipment you need | You asked me about I'd say that my favourite thing to do in the mountains is You need to do it, and you have to be | |
| Paragraph 3 | explain why you like it | I love it because It's such a lot of fun when you | |
| Paragraph 4 | say you hope it helps and offer to help further | Hope that helps! Let me know if you need | |
| Closing expressions | ask them to reply, express love, etc. | Write soon! Love, Lots of love, Best wishes, (+ first name) | |

- **7 Write** Write your email in an appropriate style. Write 140–190 words.
- 8 Check Before you hand in your email, complete this checklist.

| , | Checklist 🗸 | |
|--|--|--|
| ○ I've used informal language. | l've described and explained the activity in detail. | |
| I've started and ended my email in the right way. | l've written at least four main paragraphs. | |
| l've referred to some news from Alex's email in the first paragraph. | l've checked my spelling and grammar. | |

PROGRESS CHECK UNITS 7-8

| GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1 Write a form of the word in capitals in each | h gan | | |
| | ıı gap. | | |
| FRIENDS IN NEED We often go through our daily (1)v | without thinking about our | EXIST | |
| health until something goes wrong. Then, the (2 | | RELATION | |
| other people become important. Those we have | | FRIEND | |
| with will offer us love and (4), or so | | ENCOURAGE | |
| like these, when we are most in need of (5) | | ASSIST | |
| who our friends really are, based on their (6) | | BEHAVE | |
| friends has a (7): to be there for us | | CHOOSE | |
| the (8) to help us are our true frien | | DECIDE | |
| | | | /8 |
| | | | |
| Choose the correct word or phrase. | | | |
| The money for the tickets is / are in my backpace | ck. | | |
| We haven't got many / much wood left for the c | amp fire. | | |
| I'm afraid the news isn't / aren't good. | | | |
| A large number / amount of people were trapp | ed on the mountain. | | |
| Only a little / few people have ever climbed this | s mountain. | | |
| Your advice was / were really helpful. | | | |
| 7 These trousers is / are really tight around the w | | | |
| 3 We've got little / a little water left, but not very | | | |
| Those two pieces of information is / are extrem | | | |
| 0 Of course that bridge is safe – it's made of iron / | an iron. | | /10 |
| | | | /10 |
| Write <i>a, an</i> or <i>the</i> in each gap where necess | sary If an article is not n | ecessary nut a dash | ı (-) |
| | | | · (-). |
| I had never tried (1) mountain-clin | | | |
| friend suggested having (3) go, I th idea. We went along to one of (5) lo | | | |
| (6)lessons. (7) person | | _ | |
| and explained what was involved. You spend so | | | |
| about different aspects of climbing, so that (9) _ | | | |
| has (10) climbing wall, and that's w | | | |
| to start on a real mountain! | J | | |
| | | | /10 |
| | | | |
| Match to make sentences. There is one end | ling you won't use. | | |
| Eva says she's made | a) up with the idea of cli | mhing the mountain | |
| 2 Teaching my friend how to climb took me | b) back to the time when | | he first tin |
| 3 Our instructor hasn't said which mountain | c) shelter from the rain a | | ic mist tim |
| Climbing can be hard when you fall | d) a lot of friends since jo | - | oup. |
| 5 I don't know what's wrong | e) out with the people yo | | |
| 6 We had to take | f) with this torch but it's | | |
| | g) range we're going to n | | |
| | <i>G</i> , | | /6 |

| 5 | Put the verbs into the correct passive form. | |
|---|--|----------------|
| 1 | The three climbers will an award next week. (give) | |
| 2 | Apparently, the mountain at last. (just / climb) | |
| 3 | The railway in 1888. (build) | |
| 4 | The ropes by a qualified instructor. (always / check) | |
| 5 | I'll never forget and going to hospital in a helicopter. (rescue) | |
| 6 | It was interesting for the kids a lecture about mountain-climbing. (§ | give) |
| | | /6 |
| | | ••• |
| 6 | Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first s | entence. |
| | using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between | |
| | and five words, including the word given. | |
| 1 | Carrie Adams gave us the climbing equipment. | то |
| | The climbing equipment Carrie Adams. | |
| 2 | We started climbing before 11 and we were still climbing at three! | CLIMBING |
| | By three o'clock, we over four hours! | |
| 3 | I told you not to take such an expensive watch to the beach. | AGAINST |
| | I such an expensive watch to the beach. | |
| 4 | Only people with enough experience are allowed to climb this mountain. | LACKING |
| | People who aren't allowed to climb this mountain. | |
| 5 | Do you think you'll solve the problem? | FIND |
| | Do you think you'll the problem? | |
| | | /10 |
| | | Total score/50 |
| | | Total Score |
| | | |

EXAM SKILLS Tick the statements that are true for you. Review the skills in the unit if you need more help. Unit/page I can ... understand linking words/phrases in a story Unit 7 p70 Unit 7 p74 predict synonyms in short extracts ask for clarification during a collaborative task Unit 7 p76 understand the form and function of different verbs and apply them in sentence transformations Unit 7 p77 use narrative tenses in a story Unit 7 p78 understand implication in blog posts Unit 8 p80 listen for words and phrases expressing opinions in a short talk Unit 8 p84 express and justify my opinions in a discussion Unit 8 p86 understand how nouns are formed and use them in word-formation exercises Unit 8 p87 explain things so other people can understand them in a letter/email Unit 8 p88