

## **Grammar**

to be; there is / there are; it's; this / these / that / those

## o to be

	Утвердительная форма Отрицательная фор		а Вопросительная форма и краткий ответ	
a de la constant de l	l <b>am ('m)</b>	l am not ('m not)	<b>Am</b> I? Yes, I <b>am</b> . / No, I <b>'m not</b> .	
L.	He / She / It <b>is ('s)</b>	He / She / It <b>is not</b> ( <b>isn't)</b>	<b>Is</b> he / she / it? Yes, he / she / it <b>is</b> . / No, he / she / it <b>isn't</b> .	
	You / We / They <b>are ('re)</b>	You / We / They <b>are not</b> (aren't)	<b>Are</b> you / we / they? Yes, you / we / they <b>are</b> . No, you / we / they <b>'re not (aren't)</b> .	

Употребление	Примеры
возраст	He <b>is</b> ten.
имя	I <b>am</b> Sarah.
профессия	They <b>are</b> teachers.
национальность	You <b>aren't</b> English.

#### Watch out!

- Формы глагола to be в настоящем времени am, is, are.
- В русском языке можно построить предложение, не используя глагол: *Ему десять лет*. В английском языке использование глагола обязательно: *He is ten*.

## Helpful hints

В устной речи, как правило, используются краткие формы глагола *to be.* 

#### Формы глагола to be <u>>></u> c. 150



_	Утвердительная форма	Отрицательная форма Вопросительная форма и краткий ответ	
O L	There is	There is not (isn't)	Is there? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.
144	There are	There are not (aren't)	Are there? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

Употребление	Примеры	
нахождение кого-либо или чего-либо	There is a table in the room.	
в определённом месте	There are two men in the house.	

## o it's

Употребление	Примеры
явления природы / погода	It isn't dark yet. / It's cold today.
время суток / дни недели	It isn't late. It's only 9 o'clock. / Yes, it's Friday!
расстояния	<b>Is it</b> far away from your school?
факты / мнения	It's a new house. / It's nice.

## othis / these / that / those

	Единственное число	Множественное число	
Form	this	these	
	that	those	
Употребление		Примеры	
рядом с говорящим		<b>This</b> is my book here.	
		These are my pens here.	
на расстоянии от говорящего		<b>That</b> is your book over there.	
		<b>Those</b> are your pens over there.	

#### А Обведите правильный вариант ответа.

- I am / be ten years old.
- 2 Anna is / am in the living room.
- 3 You and your sister be / are Russian.
- 4 You are / is a good student!
- 5 Sasha be / is my brother.
- 6 The computer **are / is** in my room.
- 7 Ann and Alex is / are teachers.
- We are / is at home now. 8

## Выберите правильный вариант ответа.

- 1 \_\_\_ in the kitchen.
  - A I'm not
  - **B** I not am
- You \_\_\_ 12 years old. You're 11.
  - A isn't
  - B aren't
- Julia \_\_\_ at school today.
  - A are not
  - B isn't
- Dasha and Andrei \_\_\_ at home.
  - A isn't
  - B aren't

- 5 The computer \_\_\_ very good.
  - A isn't
  - **B** are not
- We \_\_\_ in the classroom.
  - A are not
  - B isn't
- \_\_\_ my books.
  - A They're not
  - **B** They is not
- It \_\_\_ my desk.
  - A aren't
  - **B** is not

## С Обведите правильный вариант ответа.



Nikita! (1) Are you / You are OK?

Yes, (2) I'm / I am, thanks. How (3) is / are you? </





Fine, thanks. (4) Are / Is your brother here?

Yes, (5) he is / he's. 🗸





(6) Is he / He is in his bedroom?

No, he (7) aren't / isn't. He's in the living room. </





OK. (8) Is / Are your mum and dad at home?

No, they aren't. </





(9) Be / Are they at work?

Yes, (10) they're / they are. 🗸



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### Ваполните пропуски, используя данные слова.

#### There is • There are • There isn't • There aren't • Is there • Are there

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ apples in the cake?
- \_\_\_\_\_ milk in the fridge? 2
- boys and girls in the house they're my friends. 3
- \_\_\_\_\_ a big sofa in the living room. I sit on it to watch TV.
- \_\_\_\_\_ people on the balcony because it's winter. \_\_\_\_\_ a computer in the bedroom. It's in the living room. 6
- \_\_\_\_\_ a supermarket near here? 7
- \_\_\_\_\_ a bird in our classroom! 8
- \_\_\_\_\_ sweets on the table? Yum! 9
- 10 \_\_\_\_\_ noisy children outside!

#### Ε Заполните пропуски, используя It's, It isn't или Is it.

- 1 I love this house. \_\_\_\_\_ a nice house.
- 2 It's Monday today. \_\_\_\_\_ Tuesday.
- I like the big room. \_\_\_\_\_\_ your room? 3
- 4 Brrr! \_\_\_\_\_ very cold today.
- \_\_\_\_\_ far to your house from the park? 5
- \_\_\_\_\_ great to see you! 6
- early. It's only 6 o'clock. 7
- 8 There's a sofa in my room. \_\_\_\_\_ big, but comfortable.
- 9 \_\_\_\_\_ your birthday today?
- \_\_\_\_\_ sunny today and very hot!

#### Гобведите правильный вариант ответа.

- 1 'I like it in here. Is **this / those** your room?' 'Yes, it / they is.'
- 2 This is my bed here. **That / These** is my desk over there.
- 3 Come and see this / these photos on the computer.
- 4 Is that / this your dad over there?
- 5 **This / Those** is my house. It's new and beautiful.
- 6 'Are these / those boys over there students?' 'No, it / they aren't.'
- 7 Give me **that / those** pencils, please.
- **This / These** book is very interesting. It / They is about animals.
- Look at these / this gloves! 9
  - It is / They are nice and warm.
- 10 'Are **these / those** your shoes over there?' 'Yes, it / they are.'



# **Grammar**

## Present simple 1

## **Present simple**

	Утвердительная форма	Отрицательная форма	Вопросительная форма и краткий ответ
Form	I / You / We / They <b>walk</b>	<pre>I / You / We / They do not (don't) walk</pre>	<b>Do</b> I / you / we / they <b>walk</b> ? Yes, I / you / we / they <b>do</b> .
-			No, I / you / we / they <b>don't</b> .
	He / She / It <b>walks</b>	He / She / It <b>does not</b>	Does he / she / it walk?
		(doesn't) walk	Yes, he / she / it <b>does</b> .
			No, he/she/it <b>doesn't</b> .

Употребление	Примеры
регулярные действия в настоящем	Amy <b>walks</b> to school every day.
факты из жизни	They <b>live</b> in a big house.
общеизвестные истины, законы природы	The Sun <b>rises</b> in the east.
чувства, мысли, состояния	The book <b>costs</b> five pounds.

#### **Helpful hints**

Такие глаголы, как have (got), want, cost и т. д. называют глаголами состояния, потому что они передают состояние, а не действие предмета. Особенность этих глаголов в том, что они не употребляются в present continuous.

- X He is having a pet.
- ✓ He has a pet.

Список глаголов состояния 🕥 с. 26





Unit

#### Watch out!

Если глагол согласуется с подлежащим в 3-м лице единственного числа, то в утвердительной форме к глаголу прибавляется окончание -(е)s.

## **Spelling rules**

	К большинству глаголов прибавляется	-S	ski	<b>→</b>	ski <b>s</b>
_	К глаголам, которые оканчиваются на	-es	miss	<b>→</b>	miss <b>es</b>
Form	-ss, -sh, -ch, -x and -o, прибавляется		brush	<b>→</b>	brush <b>es</b>
Ľ.			watch	<b>→</b>	watch <b>es</b>
			fix	<b>→</b>	fix <b>es</b>
			go	<b>→</b>	go <b>es</b>
	К глаголам, которые оканчиваются на	-ies (у меняется на i)	study	<b>→</b>	stud <b>ies</b>
	согласную + -у, прибавляется				
	К глаголам, которые оканчиваются на	-S	play	<b>→</b>	play <b>s</b>
	гласную + -у, прибавляется				

#### Watch out!

[s]	после звуков [f], [k], [p] и [t]	lau <b>gh</b> s, thin <b>k</b> s, kee <b>p</b> s, ha <b>t</b> es	
[IZ]	после звуков [s], [ʃ], [tʃ], [dʒ] и [z]	mi <b>ss</b> es, wi <b>sh</b> es, ma <b>tch</b> es, arran <b>g</b> es, ri <b>s</b> es	
[ <b>z</b> ] во всех других случаях		drea <b>m</b> s, pla <b>y</b> s, begi <b>n</b> s, stan <b>d</b> s, sa <b>v</b> es, sk <b>i</b> s	

#### А Обведите правильный вариант ответа.

- 1 Jean walk / walks home every day.
- 2 I doesn't / don't like this food.
- 3 We live / lives near the school.
- 4 My dog eats / eat in the kitchen.
- 5 **Does / Do** your brothers sleep here?
- 6 **Do / Does** you watch TV?
- 7 My dad works / work at home.
- 8 **Do / Does** this fridge cost £500?

#### В Выберите правильный вариант ответа.

- 1 Do you \_\_\_ with your brother?
  - **A** play
  - **B** plays
- 2 \_\_\_ your mum work?
  - **A** Do
  - **B** Does
- 3 We \_\_\_ this room for parties.
  - A use
  - **B** uses

- 4 Egor \_\_\_ English very well.
  - A speak
  - **B** speaks
- 5 I don't \_\_\_ TV every day.
  - A watches
  - **B** watch
- 6 They \_\_\_ live in the city.

Q

- A don't
- B doesn't

### С Обведите правильный вариант ответа.

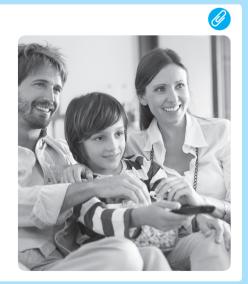
><

Hi Dima,

Thanks for your email. I (1) lives / live in Liverpool with my mum and dad. I (2) walks / walk to school every day. My dad (3) works / work in the city but my mum (4) doesn't work / not work so she cooks me dinner when I come home. We (5) has / have a nice house with a garden. I (6) like / likes my bedroom. There's a TV and a computer in it.

What about you? (7) **Does / Do** you walk to school? Do your parents (8) works / work? Write and tell me about your house.

Billy





🖊 Напишите письмо Билли. Ответьте на его вопросы, используя present simple.

D	Заполните пропуски, поставив выделенные глаголы в ра	resent simple.		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Kate (play) football with her brother.  Dima (miss) his house in Vladivostok.  Irina (brush) her hair every day.  Alex (watch) videos in his room.  Elena (go) to school with her brother.  Olga (study) English at home.  The chair (cost) £50.  Ivan (fix) computers in his free time.  Перепишите предложения в отрицательной форме.			
1	My uncle lives in Saint Petersburg.			
2	Sandy watches TV with her brother.			
3	Andrew and Lydia read books.			
4	Max goes to English lessons in the evening.			
5	Polina and I take the bus to school.			
6	Tanya and Sveta like the new house.			
7	You fix laptops.			
8	The dog runs in the garden.			
F	Составьте вопросы и допишите краткие ответы.			
1	You study in the living room.	No, I		
2	Your brothers like football.	Yes, they		
3	We have a dog.	Yes, we		
4	Your cat sleeps in the kitchen.	Yes, it		
5	Stella talks in class.	No, she		
6	Martin works in London.	Yes, he		