

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

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Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов A–F содержатся ответы на интересующие Вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите Ваши ответы в таблицу.

- 1) Which tribe once moved south?
 - 2) Who were the Britons?
 - 3) Where does the word 'British' come from?
 - 4) What is a confusing fact about the word 'Brittany'?
 - 5) How did a new language appear?
 - 6) How were the other languages born?
 - 7) Who conquered the Britons?
- A** The Britons were early inhabitants of the island of Great Britain. They lived in the area that is now known as England, and also in parts of southern Scotland. They are believed to have come originally from a region of northern France. They lived in Great Britain up until the time that the Anglo-Saxons came from Germany in the 5th century.
- B** The earliest history of the Britons was written by a Greek man named Pytheas, who lived in a Greek colony in southern France. Pytheas visited the British Isles, including Ireland, in 330 BC. He called the islands 'hai Brettaniai', meaning the 'Brittanic Isles'. He called the people there 'Prettanoi', which led to the terms 'Briton' and 'British'.
- C** The Britons controlled most of England and southern Scotland for several centuries. This began to change as the Roman Empire spread north. During the 1st century AD, the Romans entered the region by force. The Britons tried to push them back, but realised that the Romans were too powerful. They had to accept that the Romans were there to stay.
- D** The Britons lived under Roman rule from the 1st century AD until the 4th century. Around that time Rome became much weaker, and Roman soldiers left Britain. Germanic tribes from Europe, the Anglo-Saxons, soon started to arrive in the east of England. They brought their language with them, which helped form the English language used in the UK today.
- E** After the Anglo-Saxons arrived, the Britons began to split up and form smaller tribes, which eventually had their own separate customs and languages. By the 11th century, there were the Cornish, Welsh, and Breton tribes which spoke Cornish, Welsh and Breton. These separate languages are still used by numbers of people today.
- F** One of the tribes that formed after the Britons began to divide was the Bretons. These people left Great Britain for an area of France now known as Brittany. This region is just over 200 kilometres south of the British Isles. The Breton language still exists in the region, although most Bretons speak French. Brittany is sometimes called 'Little Britain', in contrast to Great Britain.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						