Snakes Alive



1 Draw and label a snake eating lunch. Use the words in the box.

scales	tongue	prey	fang	venom

- 2 Match 1–6 with a–f.
 - 1 The python is the longest snake. <u>c</u>
 - 2 A snake's tongue moves in and out.
 - Wenom comes out of its fangs. ____
 - 4 The snake takes the eggs from other animals. ___
 - 5 A snake's colour can help it hide. ____
 - 6 Some snakes have a rattle in their tail.













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3 Draw a line under the correct word to complete the sentences.

- 1 A snake does not have arms or legs / skin.
- 2 This snake pushes against a tail / a tree.
- 3 The snake's skin feels cool and dry / wet.



- 5 A snake's tongue is like a nose / an arm.
- 6 Snakes eat animals / people.

4 Read the sentences. Write T (true) or F (f
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1	Some snakes push across the sand.	<u>T</u>
2	A snake's skin has strong hair.	
3	Snakes are all sizes.	
4	The thread snake is the longest snake.	
5	A snake's tongue smells the air for food.	
6	Snakes eat their prey whole.	

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6 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

lay shake kill crush spit hisses

- 1 Some snakes <u>kill</u> their prey.
- 2 Some snakes wrap around their prey and _____ it!
- 3 A snake _____ to frighten other animals.
- 4 Some snakes _____ the rattle in their tail and make a loud noise.
- 5 Some snakes _____ venom.
- 6 Many snakes _____ eggs. The eggs hatch and small snakes come out.

6 Match the opposites.

1	up —	a	big
2	cool	b	out
3	in	c	new
4	alive	d	warm
5	small	- e	down
6	old	f	dead